

Math 233 Warm Up Problems

September 10, 2009

1. Let $r(t) = (t^2, t^3)$.

- (a) When $t = 1$, find the angle between the the velocity vector and the acceleration vector.
- (b) Find the length of the curve from $t = 0$ to $t = t$.
- (c) Find $\frac{ds}{dt}$ for your arc length function.

1. Let $r(t) = (t^2, t^3)$.

- (a) When $t = 1$, find the angle between the the velocity vector and the acceleration vector.

Solution:

$$r'(1) = (2, 3), \quad r''(1) = (2, 6)$$

$$\cos \theta = \frac{(2, 3) \cdot (2, 6)}{\|(2, 3)\| \|(2, 6)\|} = \frac{11}{\sqrt{130}}$$

- (b) Find the length of the curve from $t = 0$ to $t = t$.

Solution:

$$\begin{aligned} s(t) &= \int_0^t \|r'(u)\| \, du = \int_0^t \sqrt{9u^4 + 4u^2} \, du \\ &= \int_0^t u \sqrt{9u^2 + 4} \, du \quad (\text{use substitution, } w = 9u^2 + 4) \\ &= \frac{1}{27} (9u^2 + 4)^{3/2} \Big|_0^t = \frac{1}{27} (9t^2 + 4)^{3/2} - \frac{8}{27} \end{aligned}$$

- (c) Find $\frac{ds}{dt}$ for your arc length function.

Solution:

$$s'(t) = \|r'(t)\| = \sqrt{9t^4 + 4t^2}$$

Lecture Problems

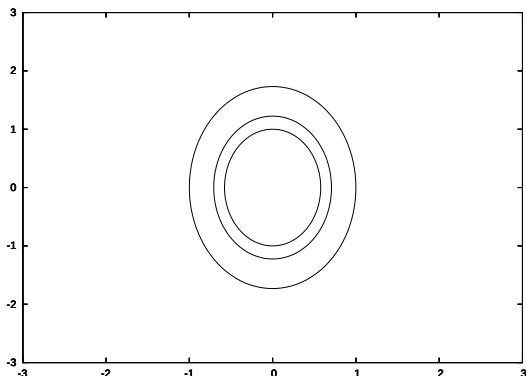
2. Let $z = f(x, y) = x^2 + 3y^2$.
- (a) Draw a single graph (in the xy -plane) with the following slices:
 $z = -3, z = -2, z = -1, z = 0, z = 1, z = 2, z = 3$.
 - (b) Draw a single graph (in the yz -plane) with the following slices:
 $x = -3, x = -2, x = -1, x = 0, x = 1, x = 2, x = 3$.
 - (c) Draw a single graph (in the xz -plane) with the following slices:
 $y = -3, y = -2, y = -1, y = 0, y = 1, y = 2, y = 3$.

Lecture Problems

2. Let $z = f(x, y) = x^2 + 3y^2$.

- (a) Draw a single graph (in the xy -plane) with the following slices:
 $z = -3, z = -2, z = -1, z = 0, z = 1, z = 2, z = 3$.

Solution:



- (b) Draw a single graph (in the yz -plane) with the following slices:
 $x = -3, x = -2, x = -1, x = 0, x = 1, x = 2, x = 3$.

Solution:



3. Draw the following graphs in $\mathbb{R}^3$. As as many (or as few) slices in each direction that you need.

(a) $f(x, y) = 4 - 3x + 2y$

(b) $f(x, y) = \sqrt{100 - x^2 - y^2}$

(c) $f(x, y) = 3x - 7y$

(d) $f(x, y) = x^2 + xy$

(e) $f(x, y) = x/y$

(f) $4x^2 + y^2 = 16$

(g) $\frac{x}{4} = \frac{y^2}{4} + \frac{z^2}{9}$

(h) $z = x^2$

(i) $\frac{x^2}{9} + \frac{y^2}{12} + \frac{z^2}{9} = 1$

(j) $4x^2 - 3y^2 + 2z^2 = 0$

(k) $x^2 + y^2 - 2x = 0$