

## Math 217 - October 12, 2010

### Solutions

- Forced oscillations

1. Solve. Let  $m = 1, k = 25, F_0 = 27, \omega = 4$ :

$$x'' + 25x = 27 \cos 4t, \quad x(0) = x'(0) = 0$$

**Solution:**  $x_p = 3 \cos 4t, x = 3 \cos 4t - 3 \cos 5t$

2. Apply the trig identity  $\cos(A - B) - \cos(A + B) = 2 \sin A \sin B$  to the previous problem. (Can you use this to plot the solution?)

**Solution:**  $A - B = 4, A + B = 5$  gives  $A = 9/2$  and  $B = 1/2$ .  $x = 6 \sin(9t/2) \sin(t/2)$ .

3. Discuss the nature of solutions to the following differential equations

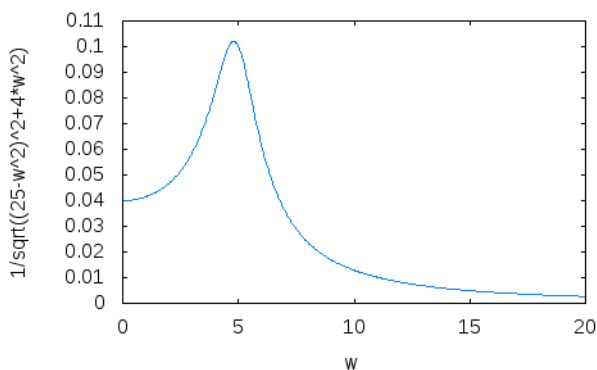
$$mx'' + kx = F_0 \cos \omega t$$

$$mx'' + cx' + kx = F_0 \cos \omega t$$

## Lecture Problems

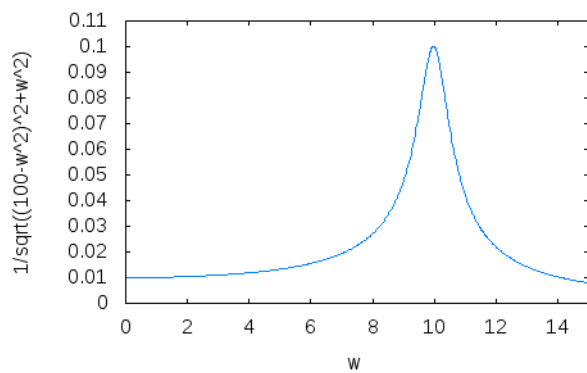
4. Find the practical resonance for the system where  $m = 1, c = 2, k = 25$ . Use the formula for amplitude given in class and below:  $C = \frac{F_0}{\sqrt{(k - m\omega^2)^2 + (c\omega)^2}}$

**Solution:** You can solve to get  $\omega = \sqrt{23}$ .



5. Find the practical resonance for the system where  $m = 1, c = 1, k = 100$ .

**Solution:** You can solve to get  $\omega = \sqrt{199/2}$ .



6. Solve the following boundary value problems. The boundary conditions for each are  $y(0) = 0$  and  $y'(\pi) = 0$

(a)  $y'' - 2y = 0$

(b)  $y'' - y = 0$

(c)  $y'' + y = 0$

(d)  $y'' + 2y = 0$